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INGLIZ TILIDAGI OMOGRAF VA OMOFON SO'ZLAR

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Annonatsiya. Ingliz tilida omonimlar omograf va omofonlarga bo'linadi. Omograflar bu har xil ma'noga ega bo'lgan so'zlarning bir xil yozilishi hisoblanadi. Omofonlar esa har xil ma'noga ega bo'lgan so'zlarning bir xil talaffuz qilinishi hisoblanadi. Quyida ular haqida fikr yuritiladi.

Abstract. In English, homonyms are divided into homographs and homophones. Homographs are words with different meanings which are pronounced in the same way but are spelt differently. Homophones are words which are written in the same way but have different meaning may be pronounced differently.. They are discussed below.

Kalit so'zlar: omonimlar, omofon, omograf, air, heir, wind, wound,

Key words: homonyms, homographs, homophones, air, heir, wind, wound,

Omonimlar (*nom, ism*) – umumiy ma'no unsurlariga ega bo'lmagan, tasavvuriy bog'lanmagan, lekin bir xil yozilib, bir xil aytiladigan so'zlar; ular orasida semantik aloqa bo'lmaydi. Ana shunday so'zlarning tilda mavjud bo'lishi va shunga bog'liq hodisalar *omonimiya* deyiladi. Omonimlarning lug'aviy va grammatik ko'rinishlari farqlanadi. Omonimlarning bir qancha turlari mavjud. Ular omofonlar va omograflar va boshqalardir.

Omofonlar bir xil talaffuzga ega, ammo yozilishi yoki ma'nosi har xil bo'lgan ikki yoki undan ortiq so'zlardir. Misol uchun, **hole** va **whole** so'zlarining talaffuzi o'xshash bo'lsa-da, butunlay boshqacha ma'noni anglatadi.

Shuningdek, **weak** va **week** so'zlari ham huddi shunday ma'noda qo'llanadi. Xususan, **one** va **won** so'zlari ham omofon hisoblanadi.

Quyida omofonlar jadvali berilgan :

air/heir	mail/male	raise/rays	tea/tee
aloud/allowed	meat/meet	read/reed	there/their/they're
break/brake	mown/moan	rein/rain/reign	through/threw
fare/fair	our/hour	right/rite/write	tire/tyre
faze/phase	pair/pear/pare	sale/sail	toe/tow
flu/flew	pale/pail	scene/seen	waist/waste
grate/great	pane/pain	sight/site	wait/weight
groan/grown	peal/peel	so/sew	weak/week
hoarse/horse	place/plaice	sole/soul	weather/whether
its/it's	practise/practice	some/sum	whine/wine
lays/laze	pray/prey	steak/stake	would/wood





Omograflar yozilishi bir xil bo'lgan shakldosh so'zlardir. Omograflar ma'nosi va fonetik tarkibi, talaffuzi jihatdan bir xil bo'lgan so'zlar hisoblanadi. Masalan, *I live in the north of England*. Bunda /l v/ tarzida talaffuz qilinadi. *My favourite rock group is singing live on TV tonight*. Bunda esa, /la v/ tarzida talaffuz qilinadi.

Shuningdek, I **read** in bed each night. Bunda /ri:d/ tarzida talaffuz qilinadi.

Ammo, I **read** War and Peace last year so'zida esa /red/ tarzida talaffuz qilinadi.

Xususan, The **lead** singer in the group is great. Shuningdek, **Lead** pipes are dangerous so'zlarida ham ikki xil talaffuz qilinadi. Birinchi gapda /li:d/ tarzida talaffuz qilinadi, ikkinchi gapda esa, /led/ tarzida talaffuz qilinadi.

Shuningdek, The **wind** blew the tree down. Xususan, **Wind** the rope round this tree so'zida ham talaffuz bir xil bo'lmaydi. Birinchi gapda /w nd/ tarzida, keyingisida esa, /wand/ tarzida talaffuz qilinadi.

Shuningdek, he **wound** the string round the parce land tied it up so'zida /waund/ tarzida talaffuz qilinadi. Ammo, He suffered a terrible **wound** in the war so'zida esa /wu:nd/ tarzida talaffuz qilinadi.

They lived in a large old house so'zida /haus/ tarzida talaffuz qilinadi. The buildings house a library and two concert halls as well as a theatre bu gapda esa, /hauz/ tarzida talaffuz qilinadi.

Xulosa sifatida, omofonlar va omograflar omonimlarning turi hisoblanadi. Shuningdek, tilning boyligini belgilab turuvchi leksik hodisa hisoblanadi. Ular so'zlarning to'g'ri talaffuz qilinishiga yordam beradi.

Foydalangan adabiyotlar:

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